Improved population health

IMPROVED HEALTH VALUE

Sustainable healthcare spending



What is "population health"?

Amy Bush Stevens and Reem Aly April 18, 2018

Purpose

The emergence of "population health" as a significant component of healthcare Us a significant control term of the sint that factors outside of the healthcare system, such as the social, economic and physical environment, must be and physical environment, musicae addressed in order to improve the health of the overall population. While there is growing agreement on the importance of population health, there is a lack of OI POPUIQIION NEGIIN, INERE IS Q IQCK OI CONSENSUS ON Q single, Qctionable definition of the term Headthoare eveter and of the term. HealthCare system and public health stakeholders tend to define Public nearin stakenolaers rend to derine Population health differently, which has Population nearin allerenity, which has hampered efforts to work across sectors to improve population health. In 2014, with support from the National Network of Public Health Institutes (NNPHI) through a Robert Wood Johnson Invertily involution a Robert Wood Joinson Foundation-funded project, the Health Policy Institute of Ohio convened a group of healthcare and public health Stakeholders to develop a consensus definition of population health for Ohio. aetinition of population health for Unio. The purpose of this work is to operationalize the purpose or this work is to operationalize the concept of population health in a way that is useful to Ohio's health leaders in designing population health improvement strategies, such as state-level health sinciedies, such as siciedere ineculin improvement plans and local improvement name lad hu noneraft horitical improvement Plans led by nonprofit hospifals, local health departments, United Ways and others. This brief describes the consensus Understanding of population health that Undersidinality of population fredition indication of the solution of the solu of the HPIO Population Health Definition Experience of care

healthpolicy brief to a state of the state o "It is no longer sufficient to expect that reforms in the medical care delivery system (for example, changes in payment, access and auglity) alone will "It is no longer sufficient to expect that reforms in the medical care delivery system (for example, changes in payment, access and quality) alone will improve the public's health."

Innovation Models (SIM)

Population

Per capita cost

health

Population health in the Triple Aim and State Population health is one of the components of the Population health is one of the components of the Institute for Healthcare Improvement's (IHI) widely-used Trinde Aim transactories teas Figure 11 Enhains the Trinde Institute for Healmoare improvements (Inti) Widely-used Triple Aim framework (see Figure 1). Echoing the Us Centere for Medicare and Medic and Source Triple Aim framework (see Figure 1). Echoing the Triple Aim, the US Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Striple (CAASL includes partial time health as and of the three Aim, the us centers for Medicare and Medicaid Service for the short of the three states for the three states class of the (CMS) includes population health as one of the information of the innovation center state innovation center state innovation center state innovation Tocus areas for the innovation center state innovation Models (SIM) initiative which provides funding for states to decide and tast now normant and healthouse dation Models (SIM) initiative which provides funding for states to design and test new payment and healthcare delivery models. Ohio was one of 14 states to receive a design To design and test new payment and nearmark models. Ohio was one of 16 states to receive a design models, Ohio was one or 16 states to receive a design grant in 2013 for Round One of the SIM. In July 2014, the Ohio Governor's Office of Health Transformation (OHT) grant in 2013 for Kouna one of the SIM. In July 2014, the Ohio Governor's Office of Health Transformation (2014, the annious formation (2017) Ohio Governor's Office of Health Transformation (OHT) applied for SIM Round Two funding to acceleration (OHT) system transformation in Ohio. SIM Round Two requires applied for SIM Round Two funding to accelerate heads system transformation in Ohio. SIM Round Two requires grantee states to develop a statewide Population Health immersivement Plan. Funding decrisione for SIM Population Health grantee states to develop a statewide Population Health Improvement Plan. Funding decisions for SIM Round Health are expected by the end of 2014 are expected by the end of 2014. Figure 1. Triple Aim and State Innovation

SIM focus areas

^{ised} payn model

healt

Definition

Population health is the distribution of health outcomes across a geographically-defined group

which result from the interaction between

individual biology and behavior;

the social, familial, cultural, economic and physical environments that support or hinder wellbeing;

and the effectiveness of the public health and healthcare systems.

Key characteristics of population health strategies

Beyond the patient population

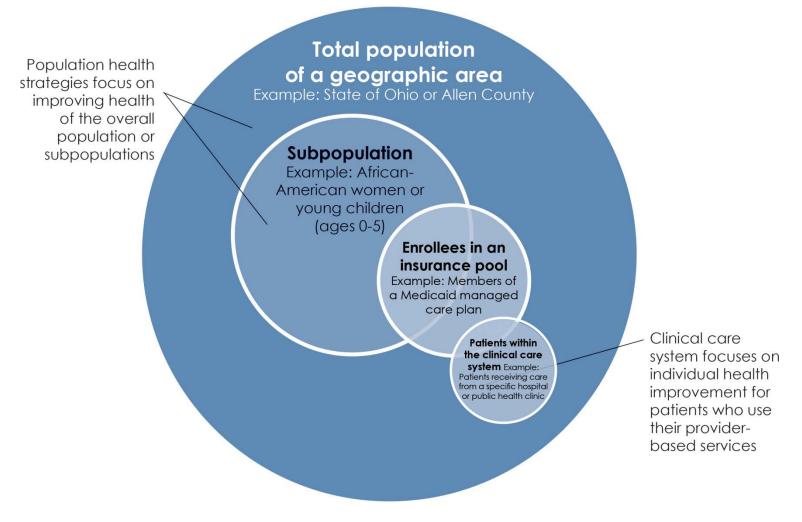
Beyond medical care

Measuring outcomes

Reducing disparities and promoting health equity

Shared accountability

Beyond the patient population



Source: Adapted from "An Environmental Scan of Integrated Approaches for Defining and Measuring Total Population Health by the clinical care system, the government public health system, and stakeholder organizations." Public Health Institute and County of Los Angeles Public Health, 2012.

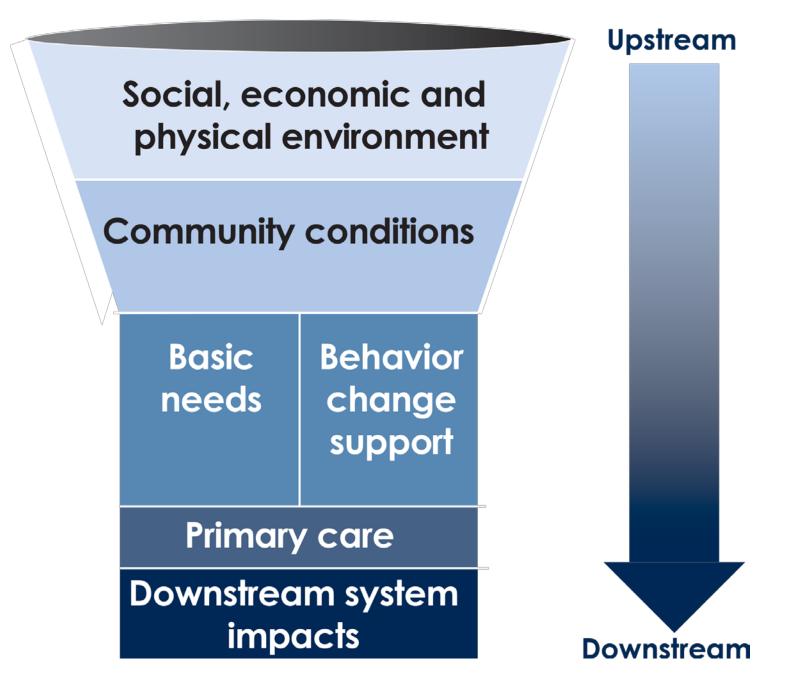
Beyond medical care

Upstream

- Prevention
- Social determinants of health
- Partnerships with sectors beyond health

- Treatment
- Medical and biological determinants





Measuring outcomes

Desired outcome	Indicator (source)	Baseline (2015)	2019 target	2022 target
Improve overall health	Percent of adults with fair or poor health (BRFSS)	16.5%	16.2%	15.7%
status	Priority population: Percent of low-income* adults with fair or poor health (BRFSS)	38.6%	37.8%	36.7%
Reduce premature death	Years of potential life lost before age 75, per 100,000 population (age-adjusted) (ODH Bureau of Vital Statistics)	7,860	7,860	7,781
	Priority population: Years of potential life lost before age 75 for African Americans, per 100,000 population (age-adjusted) (ODH Bureau of Vital Statistics)	10,970	10,970	10,860

* <\$15,000 annual household income

Note: Priority populations (low-income and African American) were selected because they are the groups with the worst outcomes for these indicators based on available data.

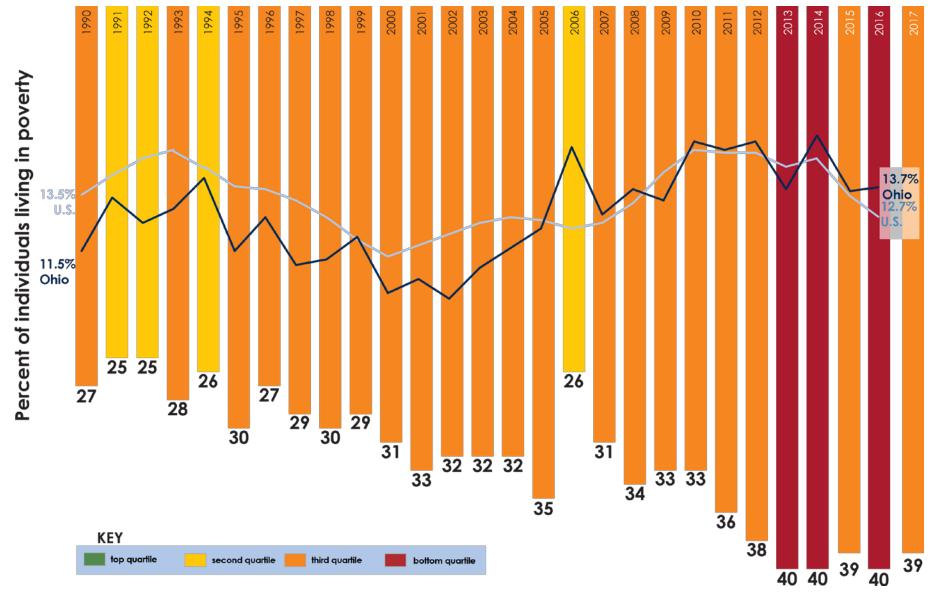
Source: Ohio Department of Health

Shared accountability

1

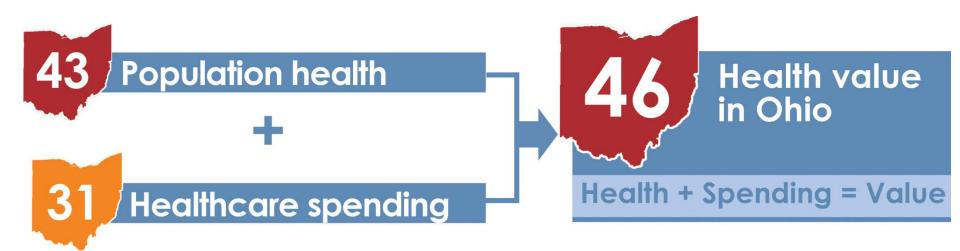


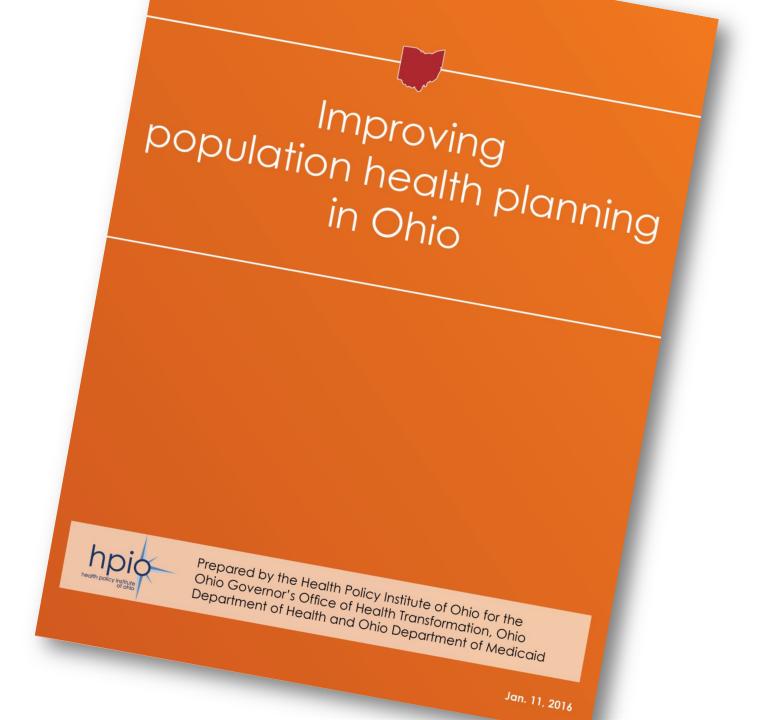
Ohio's rank in America's Health Rankings from 1990 to 2017



Source for poverty rate: U.S. Census Bureau, Current Population Survey, Annual Social and Economic Supplements, Historical Poverty Tables — People.

Where does Ohio rank? 2017 Health Value Dashboard







State health assessment (SHA) State health improvement plan (SHIP)

Local health departments Community Health Assessment (CHA) and Community Health Improvement Plan (CHIP)

Hospitals Community Health Needs Assessment (CHNA) and Implementation Strategy (IS)

Recommendations

- SHA and SHIP improvements
- State and local alignment
 - Guidance for priorities, measures and strategies
- LHD and hospital alignment
 - Guidance on collaboration
 - **Requirement** for LHDs and hospitals: 3-year timeline alignment

• Funding

- Seek additional funding for LHDs
- Guidance on community benefit
- Transparency and accessibility
 - Requirement for LHDs and hospitals: submit assessments and plans
 - **Requirement** for hospitals: submit schedule H

Population health planning infrastructure timeline

Population health planning activity	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023
State and local public health accreditation	Public Health Accreditation Board (PHAB) accredits Ohio Department of Health (2015)		Local health departments (LHDs) required to apply for PHAB accreditation		LHDs required to be PHAB accredited			
State health assessment (SHA) and state health	Release of SHA (Aug. 2016)	Release of SHIP (early 2017)		Release of SHA and SHIP			Release of SHA and SHIP	
improvement plan (SHIP)		SHIP (2017-2019)			SHIP (2020-2022)			SHIP (2023-2025)
Local health department and tax- exempt hospital assessments and plans		July 1, 2017: Existing tax- exempt hospital and LHD assessments and plans submitted to state			Jan. 1, 2020: Aligned 3-year cycle begins Oct. 1, 2020: Tax-exempt hospital and LHD assessments and plans submitted to state			Oct. 1, 2023: Tax-exempt hospital and LHD assessments and plans submitted to state
					Tax-exempt hospit (2020-2022)	tal and LHD plans		Tax-exempt hospital and LHD plans (2023-2025)
		Starting July 1, 201	7: Tax-exempt hosp	bital Schedule H info	ormation annual rep	porting		
Evaluation at state and local levels		 Process and ou Annual outcon 	utcome evaluation ne reporting					

Assessment = Tax-exempt hospital community health needs assessment; local health department community health assessment Plan = Tax-exempt hospital implementation strategy; local health department community health improvement plan Tax-exempt hospitals = As defined in ORC 3701.981



2017-2019 State Health Improvement Plan

C	overall health outcor	nes	
	 Health status Premature death 		
	3 priority topics		
Mental health and addiction	Chronic disease	Maternal and infant health	
	10 priority outcome	S	
 Depression Suicide Drug dependency/ abuse Drug overdose deaths 	 Heart disease Diabetes Child asthma 	 Preterm births Low birth weight Infant mortality 	

Equity: Priority populations for each outcome above

2017-2019 State Health Improvement Plan

Cross-cutting outcomes and strategies

The SHIP addresses the 10 priority outcomes through cross-cutting factors that impact all 3 priority topics

Cross-cutting factors

Social determinants of health

Strategies to promote:

Jocial acterninants of nearth	Student success
	S Economic vitality
	Housing affordability and quality
Public health system,	Tobacco prevention and cessation
prevention and health	Active living
behaviors	🗂 Healthy eating
	Violence-free communities
	Population health infrastructure
Healthcare system and access	Access to quality health care
	Comprehensive primary care
Equity	Strategies likely to decrease disparities for priority populations

The SHIP includes outcome indicators and evidence-based strategies for each cross-cutting factor.





Departi	
Forms Rule	s Local Health Depts About Us Data & Statistics Our Programs Grant/Contract
A — Z Index	A B C D E F G H I J K L M N O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z
In 2015, th contracted improving	tion Health Plans and Assessments e Governor's Office of Health Transformation, Ohio Department of Medicaid, and Ohio Department of Health with the Health Policy Institute of Ohio to facilitate stakeholder engagement and provide guidance on population health planning. As a result, several recommendations for improving population health planning in released in the 2016 Improving Population Health Planning in Ohio Report.
population Based on	in this report, "population health planning refers to a collaborative process to assess and prioritize a 's most significant health needs and develop and implement plans and strategies to address those needs." the growing focus of population health planning community-level planning has increased and this repository of ocuments and reports is based on the most recent legislation <u>Ohio Revised Code §3701.981</u> .
and priorit	s presented for hospitals and local health departments are current as of July 1, 2017 and many represent data es prior to the current alignment to the SHIP efforts or the increased focus on community health improvement ard community priorities.
community	ty link in the map below provides a link to the local health departments community health assessment and r health improvement plan, and the hospital(s) Community Health Needs Assessment, Implementation Plan, H, and Community Health Improvement Services Report.
Click here	for an excel version of the Community Health Improvement Services Data for all hospitals.
	Williams Fulton Lucas Ottawa Cuyahoga Geauga
	Defiance Henry Wood Sandusky Eric Lorain Trumbull Paulding Seneca Huron Medina Sum- Portage
	Van Wert Allen Wyandot Crawford Richland Wayne Stark Columbiana
	Mercer Auglaize Hardin Marion Morrow Knox Tuscarawas Jefferson
	Shelby Lighting Coshocton Harrison Darke Champaign Licking Guernsey Belmont Franklin Muskingum
	Preble gomery Greene Pickaway Fairfield Perry Morgan Morgan
	Fayette Horking Wachington

Improving Population Health Planning In Ohio: GUIDANCE FOR ALIGNING STATE AND LOCAL EFFORTS

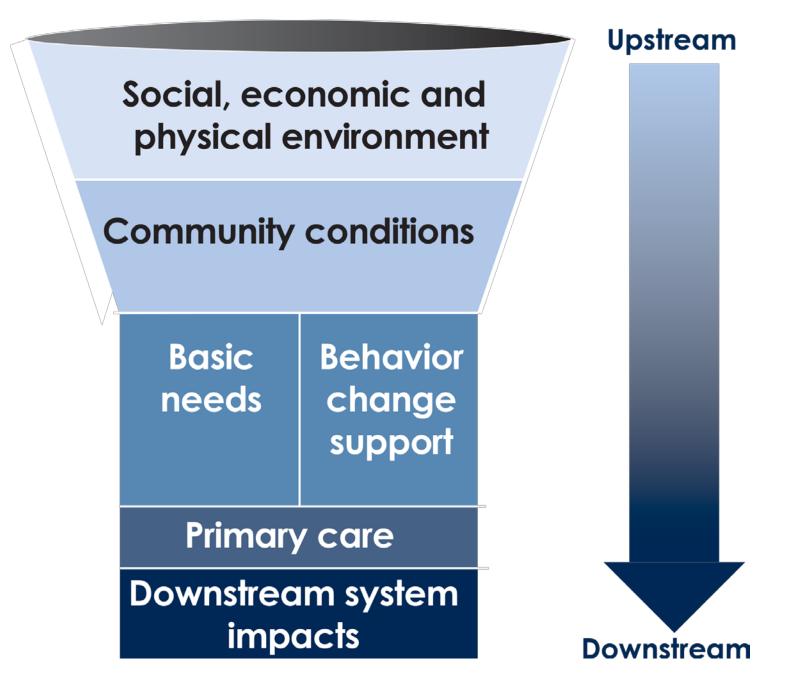
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Alignment between Ohio's top 10 health priorities and patient-centered medical home (PCMH) quality measures

Ohio's top 10 health priorities	PCMH quality measures	
Obesity	Adult body mass index (BMI) (adult)	
Physical activity Nutrition	Weight assessment and counseling for nutrition and physical activity (pediatric)	
	Well-child visits in first 15 months of life (pediatric)	
	Well-child visits in 3rd, 4th, 5th and 6th years of life (pediatric)	
	Adolescent well-care visit (pediatric)	
Tobacco use	Tobacco use screening and cessation intervention (adult)	
Infant mortality	Timeliness of prenatal care (adult)	
	Postpartum care (adult)	
	Live births weighing less than 2,500 grams (pediatric)	
Mental health	Antidepressant medication management (adult)*	
	Follow up after hospitalization for mental illness (adult and pediatric)*	
Substance abuse	None*	
Diabetes	Comprehensive Diabetes Care: Hemoglobin A1c (HbA1c) Poor Control (>9.0%) (adult)*	
Cancer	Breast cancer screening (adult)	
Heart disease	Controlling high blood pressure (adult)	
	Statin therapy for patients with cardiovascular disease (adult)	
NA	Medication management for people with asthma (adult and pediatric)	
*To be finalized in 2016		

Source: Governor's Office of Health Transformat ion, preliminary as of Jan. 4, 2016





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