Domain profi

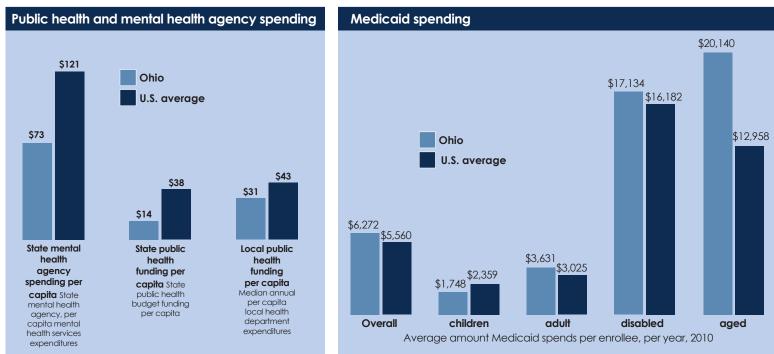
December 2014

Healthcare costs in Ohio

Ohio ranks 40th in the nation on the healthcare costs domain

		Data v	alue					
Indicator	Ohio's rank	baseline	most recent	Trend	Best state			
Total spending	35							
Health care spending per capita Aggregate spending per capita	33	\$6,776	\$7,076	-	\$5,031 UT			
Health spending growth per capita Average annual percent growth in health spending per capita	34	3.3%	4.4%	-	2% az			
Employer costs	32							
Average single premium per enrolled employee (total amount) Average single premium for private-sector employees enrolled in employer-based health insurance	32	\$5,081	\$5,679	-	\$4,536 ar			
Percent of employee contribution	NR	24.2%	18.5%	NA	21% US			
Percent of employer contribution	NR	75.8%	81.5%	NA	79% US			
Average family premium per enrolled employee (total amount) Average family premium for private-sector employees enrolled in employer-based health insurance	31	\$15,455	\$15,955	-	\$13,477 al			
Percent of employee contribution	NR	25.1%	22.8%	NA	27.6% US			
Percent of employer contribution	NR	74.9%	77.2%	NA	72.4% US			
Consumer costs 23								
Total commercial health spending per enrollee Total spending per commercially insured enrollee ages 18-64	24	NA	\$3,349	NA	\$1,993 н			
Out-of-pocket costs Percent of individuals with high out-of-pocket healthcare spending, relative to annual income	27	NA	20.1%	NA	11.4% DC			
Medicare spending 49								
Medicare spending per enrollee Medicare spending on personal healthcare services and products per enrollee	36	\$9,788	\$10,300	-	\$7,576 мт			
Medicare spending growth per enrollee Average annual percent growth in Medicare spending per enrollee	45	6%	5.2%	+	1.4% ND			
	Vo ranking , no assign desired direction		7	+	Getting better			
5 of the 50 states of the 50 states of the 50 states	metric has 10	Trend	=	No change				
	or more missing states			-	Getting Worse			

NOTE: Rankings are based on the most-recent data column. A ranking of 1 is the best and 51st is the worst. This dashboard uses data that is the most recently available for all states and DC. The year that is most-recently available varies by metric, from 2009 to 2013. See appendix for specific years for each metric.



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Metric	Base Year	Most recent year	Data source
Healthcare spending per capita	2008	2009	Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services National Health Expenditure Data as compiled by Kaiser Family Foundation
Health spending growth per capita	2008	2009	University of Cincinnati Economics Center analysis of Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services National Health Expenditure Data
Average single premium per enrolled employee	2012	2013	Agency for Healthcare Research & Quality Medical Expenditure Panel Survey
Average single premium per enrolled employee, percent of employer contribution to premium	2012	2013	Agency for Healthcare Research & Quality Medical Expenditure Panel Survey
Average single premium per enrolled employee, percent of employee contribution to premium	2012	2013	Agency for Healthcare Research & Quality Medical Expenditure Panel Survey
Average family premium per enrolled employee	2012	2013	Agency for Healthcare Research & Quality Medical Expenditure Panel Survey
Average family premium per enrolled employee, percent of employer contribution to premium	2012	2013	Agency for Healthcare Research & Quality Medical Expenditure Panel Survey
Average family premium per enrolled employee, percent of employee contribution	2012	2013	Agency for Healthcare Research & Quality Medical Expenditure Panel Survey
Total commercial health spending growth per enrollee	-	2009	Analysis of the Thomson Reuters MarketScan Database as compiled by the Commonwealth Fund Local Scorecard 2012 edition
Out-of-pocket costs	-	2011- 2012	SHADAC analysis of the Annual Social & Economic Supplement to the Current Population Survey as compiled by the RWJF DataHub
Medicare spending per enrollee	2008	2009	Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services Health Expenditures by State of Residence Data as compiled by the Kaiser Family Foundation
Medicare spending growth per enrollee	2008	2009	University of Cincinnati Economics Center analysis of Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services National Health Expenditure Data
Medicaid spending per enrollee, all	FY 2009	FY 2010	Kaiser Commission on Medicaid and the Uninsured and Urban Institute estimates of Medicaid Statistical Information Statistics and CMS-64 reports as compiled by the RWJF DataHub
Medicaid spending per enrollee, aged	FY 2009	FY 2010	Kaiser Commission on Medicaid and the Uninsured and Urban Institute estimates of Medicaid Statistical Information Statistics and CMS-64 reports as compiled by the RWJF DataHub
Medicaid spending per enrollee, disabled	FY 2009	FY 2010	Kaiser Commission on Medicaid and the Uninsured and Urban Institute estimates of Medicaid Statistical Information Statistics and CMS-64 reports as compiled by the RWJF DataHub
Medicaid spending per enrollee, adult	FY 2009	FY 2010	Kaiser Commission on Medicaid and the Uninsured and Urban Institute estimates of Medicaid Statistical Information Statistics and CMS-64 reports as compiled by the RWJF DataHub
Medicaid spending per enrollee, children	FY 2009	FY 2010	Kaiser Commission on Medicaid and the Uninsured and Urban Institute estimates of Medicaid Statistical Information Statistics and CMS-64 reports as compiled by the RWJF DataHub
Local public health funding per capita	2010	2013	National Association of County & City Health Officials
State public health funding per capita	FY 2011- 2012	FY 2012- 2013	Trust for America's Health as compiled by the RWJF DataHub
State mental health agency funding per capita	FY 2009	FY 2010	National Association of State Mental Health Program Directors Research Institute, Inc as compiled by Kaiser Family Foundation

Making data meaningful

In order to put Ohio data in context in a way that is meaningful for state policymakers and other stakeholders, this dashboard presents the following information:

- State rank for metrics: Performance for all states and the District of Columbia is ranked for each metric, with 1 being the best and 51 the worst. These ranks are then divided into quartiles with green indicating the top (best) quartile and red indicating the bottom (worst) quartile.
- State rank for subdomains and domains: In order to provide a summary look at the data, the metric ranks are "rolled up" into subdomain and domain ranks. Subdomain ranks are the composite rank of the metrics in each subdomain, weighted equally. Domain ranks are the composite rank of the sub-domain ranks, weighted equally.
- Change over time: When available, the dashboard includes data values for the most-recent time period and for a baseline time period, which is the next most recently-available time period. Any change in the desired direction from the baseline to the most recent time period is labeled as "getting better" [+], while any change in the opposite direction is labeled as "getting worse" [-]. No change is labeled as [=]
- Best state: The data value for the top-ranked state is listed for each metric. This provides a benchmark that indicates the magnitude of improvement needed for Ohio to be ranked more highly in the future.
- Gaps: Domain profiles include "break outs" by race/ethnicity or income level for a featured metric or set of metrics. These graphics highlight health disparities and point to opportunities to improve health for all groups in Ohio.

Acknowledgements

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For methodology and sources, view 2014 Health Value Dashboard material online at: www.hpio.net/groups/health-measurement